2024 Tax Year

Cell Phone Disclosure for Business



Most people who are self-employed and file a Schedule C and/or Schedule F and/or claim personal paid business expenses for a partnership, use their cell phone for business calls. Their expense may be deductible. You can qualify for a cell phone tax deduction from cell phone charges incurred when the cell phone is being used for business. There is no IRS cell phone deduction for self-employed people, exclusively. However, with adequate documentation you will be able to include your cell phone expenses as a business expense.

To deduct the cell phone expense, you will need to calculate the business-use percentage of the cell phone on a month-by-month basis and be able to document the usage.

Do you have a dedicated residential phone number (cell phone, VOIP, or land line)?	Yes	No
What is your residential phone number:		
Do you have a cell phone that you use for your business?	Yes	No
What is your cell number used for business:		
List your annual expenses paid for your cell phone plan (do not include family plan ex Other business-related expenses may include data, text messages, long-distance charge charges and other expenses related to a business call. Total expenses paid for the current tax year:	ges, roam	ing
What is the percentage business calls you made for this tax year?		
Do you have documentation about business calls? A detailed bill listing each phone number made is required for an audit.	Yes	No
I hereby acknowledge I use my cell phone for business purposes, and I also acknowled documentation required to prove my cell phone business expense deduction in case I	-	
Taxpayer Date		